No. R. 1725—*R. M.* 2-32-57, *dated* 23*rd*—26*th September* 1932.

Under Rule 2 of the Rules issued in Government Order No. R. 14-25—L. R. 149-24-74, dated 3rd October 1925, as amended by Government Order No. R. 4229-40—L. R. 489-26-4, dated 1st December 1927, the tracts forming the atchkats of the undermentioned tanks in the Chintamani Taluk are declared entitled to remission of half wet assessment during the year 1931 32.

Hosakere (Gunnelli)
Guttahalli Dasanandakere
" Hutchanakunte
" Poolakunte
Yerramantipalli Reddikere
Nimmakayalahalli Boyilkunte
Berlahalli Berlakunte
Yagavakote Donikere
" Settikere
" Chinnakere
Bhyrasagara Madiganakunte
" (Channel from Thogata gere).
Phasalanaikanahalli Dasalakunte
Upparlahalli Kotagalkere
Neelapalli Byreddikunte
Neelapalli Seethareddikere
Vempalli Uppakunte
Hydiyadinne Reddikunte
Janjanahalli Suddikunte
" Byranaikanakere
Gurralgudda Buddanekere
Dhupanaikanahalli Akuthotakunte
Naravainakalpalli Nerlakunte
" Mandikunte
Gavipalli Uppakunte
Gundlahalli Hosakere
Hebbani Thimmanaikanhalli
Kottur Narasimhakere
Kotagal Amanikere
Jagadhihalli Halekere.
" Uddur Kotagalkere

No. D. 1385 *L. M.* 3-31-7, *dated* 27*th September* 1932.

It is hereby notified for general information that the operations of the Land Mortgage Bank will be extended to the undermentioned ten villages in the Kadur Taluk, the Chikmagalur Land Mortgage Society having jurisdiction over the area.

1. Sakrepatna
2. Pillenahalli
3. Kalvenhalli
4. Nagenahalli
5. Hulikere
6. Agrahar
7. Chatnapalya
8. Banaru
9. Gubbihalli
10. Brahmasamudra

By Order,
D. SRINIVASA IYENGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.

GENERAL SECRETARIAT.

No. G. 1866—*P. H.* 45-32-2, *dated* 12*th September* 1932.

The accompanying Notification No. 97 dated the 5th September 1932, issued by the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, prohibiting the attendance of persons from infected areas on the occasion of the ensuing Talakaveri Jatra is hereby published for general information :—

Notification No. 97 dated the 5th September 1932 by the Chief Commissioner of Coorg:—

Whereas the Chief Commissioner of Coorg is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of Plague or Cholera at Bhagamandala, a village in Bhagamandalanad of North Coorg Taluk in Coorg, if persons from Plague or Cholera infected areas either in the Mysore State or elsewhere are permitted to assemble at that place on the occasion of the ensuing Talakauveri Jatra during the Tula Sankramana.

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897, the Chief Commissioner prohibits the attendance at the said Jatra of persons from Plague or Cholera infected areas from the 6th October to 22nd November 1932.

All persons proceeding to the Jatra in contravention of this notification will be turned back

No. G. 2047 *Ft.* 79-30-79 *dated* 20*th*—22*nd September* 1932.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of Section 4 of the Mysore Forest Regulation (XI of 1900) that it is proposed to constitute the area, the boundaries of which are described in the Schedule below, a State Forest under the provisions of the said Regulation.

2. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are further pleased, under clause (c) of the said section, to appoint the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the District Treasury at Chikmagalur to be the Forest Settlement Officer, who shall inquire into and determine the existance, nature and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over land comprised within such limits, or to any forest produce of such land, and to deal with the same as provided in Chapter II of the said Regulation, and the District Forest Officer of the Kadur District, for the time being, to attend on behalf of Government to assist the Forest Settlement Officer in the inquiry.

3. The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, are further pleased, under the authority vested in them by Section 15 of the said Regulation, to appoint the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, for the time being, to be the Officer of the Revenue Department who shall hear appeals from the ordered of the Forest Settlement Officer under Sections 10, 11, 12, 13 or 14 of the Regulation.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Approximate area	Name of Block
Kadur ...	Chikmagalur ..	Lakya Ambale and Kasaba.	A. g. 9.217 13 / or 14·4 Sqs. miles.	Kalasapur

Situation and description of the block.—The proposed block is situated between the Chikmagalur-Kadur and Chikmagalur-Banavara High Roads and it is within five miles from the Chikmagalur Town. The configmation of the country is hilly and consequently the area is not fit to be brought under cultivation. The present stock is of the type of dry scrub forest with Hunal, Dindiga, Channangi and other scruby growth. The area is also suitable for sandal reproduction. The Forest growth is considerably damaged by the reckless and wasteful cutting of the lime stone burners and the raiyat class. Such a denudation will in time render this tract a barren waste.

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from the south-west corner of S. No. 114 of Hale Lakya village the line runs south-east for about one mile one furlong and three chains through S. No. 102 to the southern corner of S. No. 101; then south-east for about seven furlongs and seven chains through S. Nos. 102, 92 and 72 of the same village to the south-west corner of S. No. 81; then south for about six furlongs and two chains through S. No. 72 to the south-west corner of S. No. 70;

Then south-east for about three furlongs and seven chains through S. Nos. 72 of Hale Lakya and seven of Kasaba Lakya to the south-west corner of S. No. 6 of the latter village; then along the southern boundaries of S. Nos. 52, 55 and 56 of Kyathanabid to the south-east corner of the last No; then almost south for about seven furlongs through S. Nos, 59, 60 and 18 of Kyathanabid (along the Kyathanabid and Kanavehalli foot path for about seven furlongs to a point where the foot-path crosses the Kyathanabid village boundary) and then south-east for about six furlongs through S. Nos. 10 and 12 of Kanavehalli to the south-west corner of S. No. 56 of the same village; then east for about one mile and two chains through S. No. 13 to the common bandhs of Kanavehalli and Kavatal.

East.—Thence the line runs south for about one mile three furlongs and three chains through S. Nos. 12 and 13 of Kavathal to the north-west corner of S. No. 16 of the same village; touching enroute the west sides of S. Nos. 62 and 61 of the same village then along the western boundaries of S. Nos. 16 and 15 and the western and southern boundaries of S. No. 14 to the south-east corner of the last No.; then south-east for about five furlongs and three chains through S. Nos. 13 of Kavatal and S. Nos. 35 and 30 of Mallammanahalli to the north-west corner of S. No. 5 of the latter village; then south-west for about three furlongs and five chains through S. No. 30 to the north-west corner of S. No. 29.

South.—Then north-west for about six furlongs and seven chains through S. No. 198 of Kalasapur to the north-east corner of S. No. 195; then along the northern and western boundaries of the same S. No. and the western boundary of S. No. 193 to the south-west corner of the latter S. No.; then west for about seven furlongs and eight chains through S. Nos. 33 and 44 of Payagondanahalli to the west corner of S. No. 45 of the same village then in almost western direction for about six furlongs and seven chains through S. No. 45 of the trijunction bandhs of Honnenahalli Kaval Payagondanahalli and Marle villages;

Thence the line runs along the northern boundaries of Honnenahalli Kaval and Gollenahalli of Belur Taluk to the south-east corner of S. No. 250 of Marle.

West.—Thence the line runs north-east for about two miles and three chains through S. Nos. 249, 171, 170 and 167 of Marle to the easternmost corner of S. No. 134 of the same village; then north-west for about one mile, five furlongs and eight chains through S. Nos. 167, 168 and 128 of Marle and 32 of Hosakote to the north-east corner of S. No. 54 of the latter village; then in the same direction for about five furlongs and two chains through S. No. 32 to the south-east corner of S, No. 31 then along its eastern boundary to its north-west corner and then north-west for about two furlongs and five chains through S. No. 32 to the east corner of S. No. 11 of Ramenahalli; then along the northern boundary of the same S. No. to the junction bhands of S Nos. 172 of Kuravangi and 11 of Ramenahalli; then almost north for about five furlongs and three chains through S. No. 172 of Kuruvangi to the east corner of S. No. 171; then in a north-westerly direction for about one mile and seven furlongs through S. Nos. 172 and 162 of the same village to meet the starting point.

No. L. 2351—*V. P.* 11-32-5, *dated* 21*st*—23*rd September* 1932.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as amended from time to time, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of portions of Survey Nos. 182—2, 182—4, 183, 6, 7, and 180—2 of Heggere Village in the Tumkur Taluk notified as required for opening an approach road to the Village in overnment Notification No. L. 6602—V. P. 11-30-40, dated 12th February 1931.

No. G. 2130—*Ft.* 87-32-3, *dated* 21*st*—23*rd September* 1932.

The Government of Mysore are pleased to declare, under the provisions of section 17 of the Mysore Forest Regulation, XI of 1900, that from the 1st November 1932, the area the boundaries of which are set forth in the schedule appended to this notification, shall be deemed to be a "State Forest".

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Name of village	Approximate area	Name of block
Bangalore ..	Nelamangala..	Kasaba ..	1 Veerananjipura and 2. Bommanahalli.	161 acres, 9 guntas or 25 sq. miles.	Bommanahalli plantation.

Situation.—This plantation is situated about 2½ miles to the north of Nelamangala along the right side of Bangalore-Tumkur high road.

Boundaries.

North.—The boundary line starting from the trijunction bondhs of Survey No. 5 (north-east) 4, (south-east) and 1 (south-west) of Veerananjipura village, runs eastwards along the south side of Survey No. 1 to the north-west corner of Survey No. 40, winds round the west, south and east sides of Survey No. 40, then goes for about 4 chains along the north side of the same Survey number turns north and runs for about 1½ chains, then east and then north along the east sides of Survey No. 24 to a point about 4 chains east from the south-west corner of Survey No. 25 on its southern side, then in the same direction along the south side of the said survey number for about 2½ chains, then along the south side of Survey No. 27 to its south-east corner.

East.—From the above point, the line turns south and runs along the west sides of Survey No. 36 (for about 2 chains) 37 and 38, then turns east and runs along the south side or Survey No. 38 to its south-east corner, then south-west along the west sides of Survey Nos. 107 and 106 of Konagondanahalli to the south-west corner of the latter survey number, then in the same direction along the west sides of Survey Nos. 13 and 12 of Gangadharan-palya and Survey No. 35 of Melipura to the south-west corner of the latter survey number meeting the Bangalore-Tumkur high road.

South.—Then turning north-west, it follows the right side of the above said road for a distance of about 6 furlongs to the south-west corner of Survey No. 11 of Bommenahalli, then turns east and runs along the south side of the said survey number for about 5 chains.

West.—Thence the line turns north and runs along the east side of the same Survey No. 11 of Bommenahalli and then along the east sides of Survey No. 5 of Veerananjipura to the starting point.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary to Government.
General Department.